### **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

#### **FORM 8-K**

#### **CURRENT REPORT**

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): September 13, 2021

## Finch Therapeutics Group, Inc. (Exact name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

200 Inner Belt Road, Suite 400 Somerville, Massachusetts 02143 (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

001-40227 (Commission File Number)

82-3433558 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

> 02143 (Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (617) 229-6499

Not Applicable

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

|   | Trading   |   |
|---|-----------|---|
| Title of each class                       | Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which registered |
| Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share | FNCH      | The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC               |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ⊠

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  $\Box$ 

#### Item 7.01. Regulation FD.

Finch Therapeutics Group, Inc. (the "Company") from time to time presents and/or distributes to the investment community, at various industry and other conferences, slide presentations to provide updates and summaries of its business. On September 13, 2021, the Company posted an updated corporate presentation to its website. The corporate presentation is available under the "Events & Presentations" tab in the "Investors & News" section of the Company's website, located at www.finchtherapeutics.com.

The information in this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall such information be deemed incorporated by reference in any other filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission made by the Company, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

#### Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

| Exhibit<br>No. | Description   |  |  |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| 99.1           | Corporate Presentation, dated September 2021.                               |  |  |
| 104            | Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document) |  |  |
|                | 1   |  |  |

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: September 13, 2021

#### FINCH THERAPEUTICS GROUP, INC.

By: /s/ Mark Smith

Mark Smith, Ph.D. Chief Executive Officer



## Harnessing the Genomic Revolution & Machine Learning to Pioneer Microbiome Therapeutics

CORPORATE PRESENTATION | SEPTEMBER 2021



#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

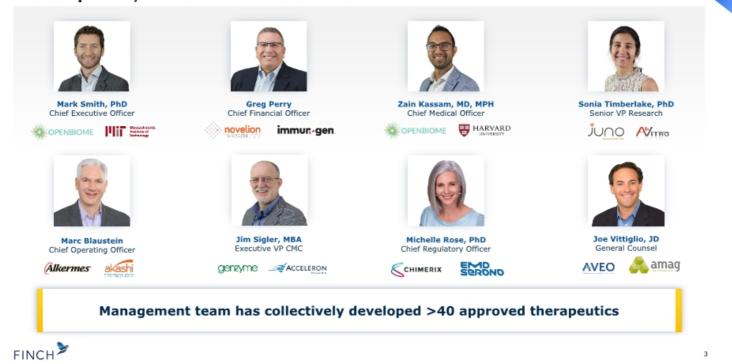
Statements contained in this presentation regarding matters that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended. Words such as "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "intends," "plans," "potential," "projects," "would" and "future" or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding: the growth, strategy, initiation, timing, progress and results of the Company's current and future research and development programs, preclinical studies and clinical trials and related preparatory work and the period during which the results of such trials will become available, including specifically the initiation and conduct of a Phase 3 trial in recurrent *C. difficile* and Phase 1 trials in autism and chronic hepatitis B and the timing of data readouts from those trials; the Company's and its collaborators' ability to obtain regulatory approval of CP101, FIN-211, TAK-524, FIN-525 and any other current and future product candidates that it develops; the therapeutic value and commercial potential of candidates developed using its *Human-First Discovery* platform; the completion of its commercial manufacturing facility; and the Company's expected cash runway. Because such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, among others: the Company's limited operating history and historical losses; the Company's baility to raise additional information); results of clinical trials may not be sufficient to satisfy regulatory authorities to approve the Company's product candidates; the Company's runger clinical trials or not be roducting and clinical trials may not be indicative of final or future results from later stage or larger clinical trials may not be sufficient to satisfy regulat

Certain information contained in this presentation relates to or is based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and the Company's own internal estimates and research. While the Company believes these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of this presentation, it has not independently verified, and makes no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of, any information obtained from third-party sources. Finally, while the Company believes its own internal research is reliable, such research has not been verified by any independent source.

Human-First Discovery® is a registered trademark of the Company.



## Accomplished leadership team with experience in innovation, development, and commercial execution



### The microbiome is an untapped target for therapeutic intervention

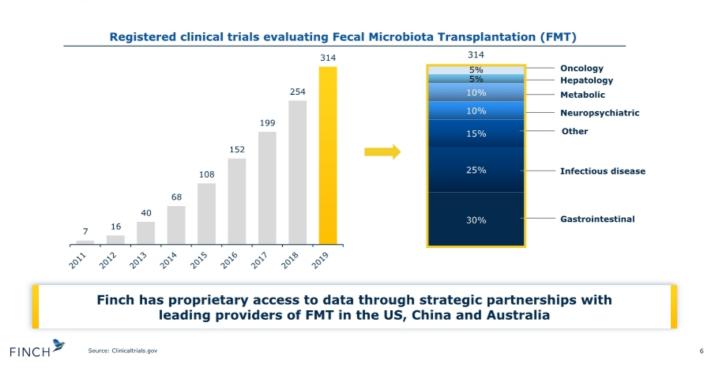


#### Humans carry 1000-fold more microbial genes than host genes The microbiome is an organ system fundamental to human health Immune modulation >20M Enabled by genomics and microbial genes data science, Finch is Metabolic function pioneering microbiome therapeutics Neurologic regulation ~20K human genes FINCH Sources: Tierney Cell Host Microbe 2019

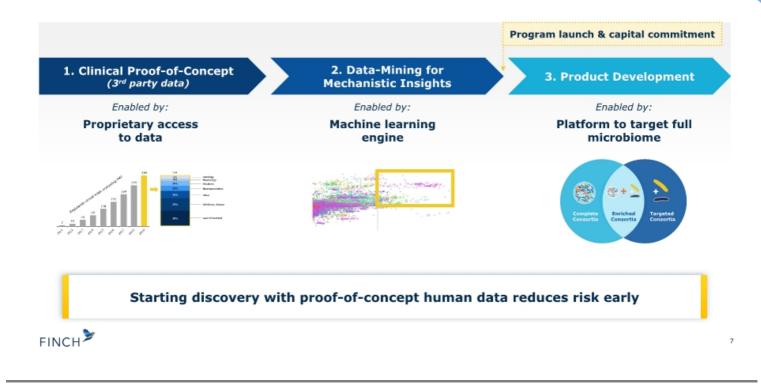
### **Investment Highlights**



### Growing body of clinical evidence across diverse therapeutic areas



### Our Human-First Discovery platform enables capital efficient de-risking



Finch is the only company with both complete and targeted approaches for developing microbiome therapeutics



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## Finch is advancing a diverse portfolio

|           | Candidate                     | Indication                  | Consortia Type | Preclinical | Phase 1       | Phase 2   | Phase 3 | Anticipated<br>Milestone                        | Program<br>Rights             |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|---------|---|-------------------------------|
| 01        | CP101                         | Recurrent<br>C. difficile   | Complete       |             | First pivotal | completed |         | Topline Phase 3<br>readout in<br>H1 2023        | >                             |
| GI/Immuno | TAK-524<br>(formerly FIN-524) | Ulcerative Colitis          | Targeted       |             |               |           |         | Initiate<br>Phase 1 trial                       | Takeda to lead<br>development |
|           | FIN-525                       | Crohn's Disease             | Targeted       |             |               |           |         | Initiate IND-<br>enabling activities<br>in 2021 | Takeda                        |
| Neuro     | FIN-211                       | Autism Spectrum<br>Disorder | Enriched       |             |               |           |         | Initiate Phase 1b<br>trial in H2 2021           | >                             |
| Liver     | CP101                         | Chronic Hepatitis B         | Complete       |             |               |           |         | Initiate Phase 1b<br>trial in early 2022        | >                             |

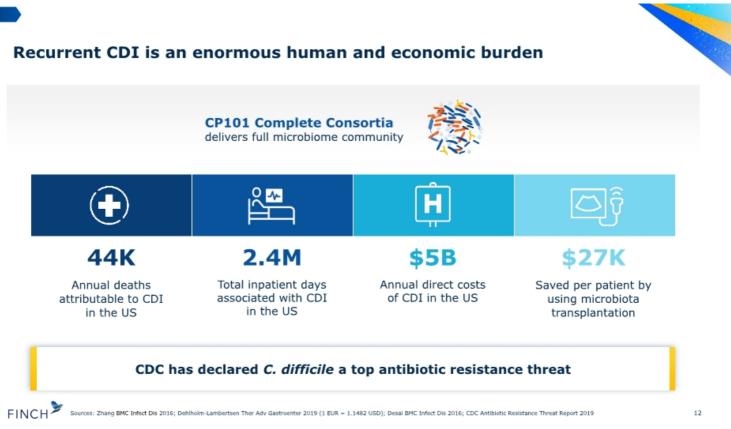
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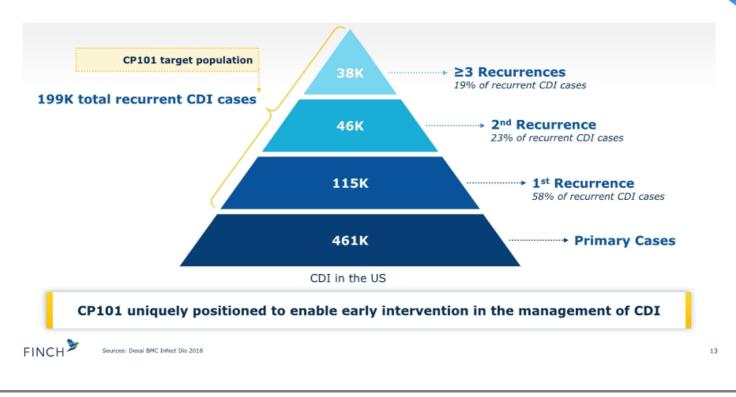
## CP101, an orally administered, purified microbiome product candidate delivers a complete microbial community

Lyophilization technology optimized to preserve entire community, enabling use across multiple indications



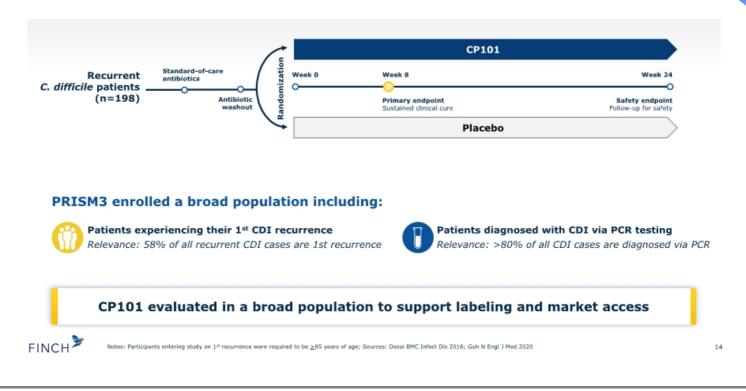








### PRISM3 designed to demonstrate superiority over SOC antibiotics alone



#### CP101 achieved its primary efficacy endpoint and demonstrated a favorable tolerability profile in PRISM3



CP101 achieved 33.8% relative risk reduction for **CDI recurrence** 

Primary efficacy analysis: Sustained clinical cure through Week 8 Recurrence determined by blinded adjudication board

61.5%

Placebo

n=96

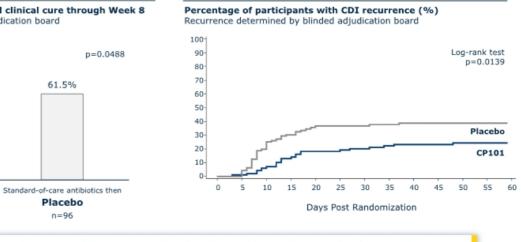
74.5%

Standard-of-care antibiotics then

CP101

n=102

#### CP101's effect was durable over time compared to placebo



#### CP101 met its primary efficacy endpoint in a broad population, with no treatment-related SAEs in the CP101 arm

FINCH SAEs: Serious adverse events

100%

80%

60%

40%

20%

0%



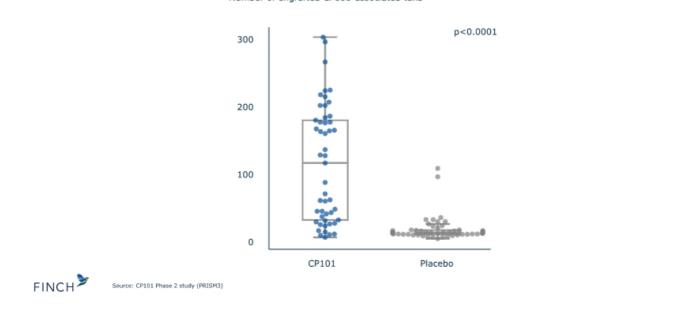
## CP101 engrafts new species, altering the structure of the microbiome



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#### CP101 shows significant engraftment overall

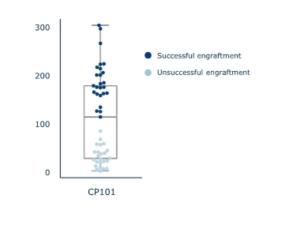
Number of engrafted CP101-associated taxa



### Strong relationship between CP101 engraftment and clinical outcomes in PRISM3

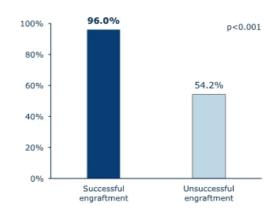
#### Engraftment shows a bimodal distribution

Number of engrafted CP101-associated taxa



#### Engraftment correlates with sustained clinical cure

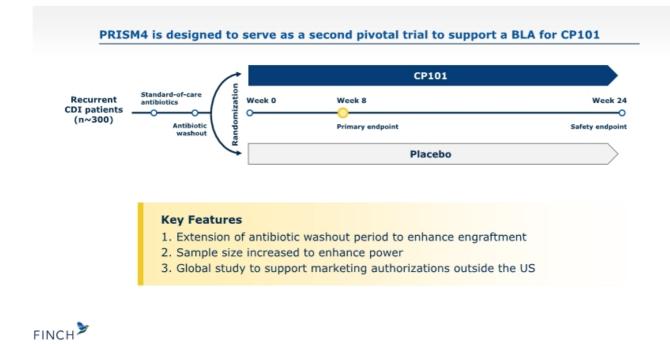
Sustained clinical cure by engraftment group

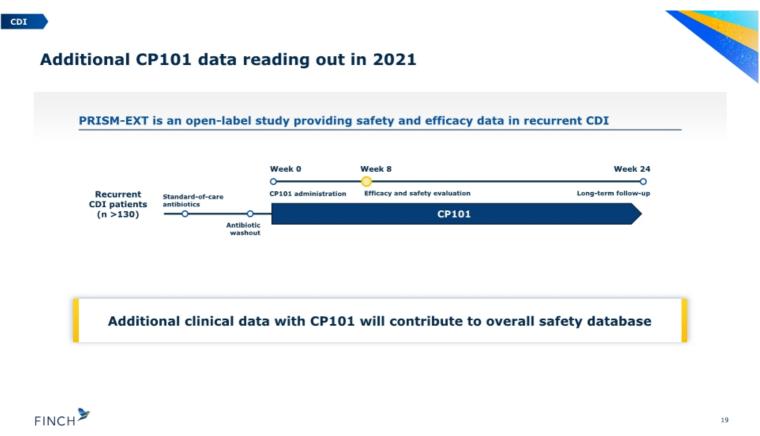


FINCH Source: CP101 Phase 2 study (PRISM3)

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### Finch & Takeda working together to develop new therapeutics for IBD

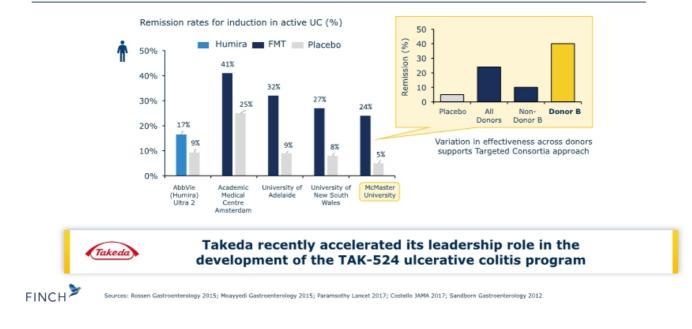


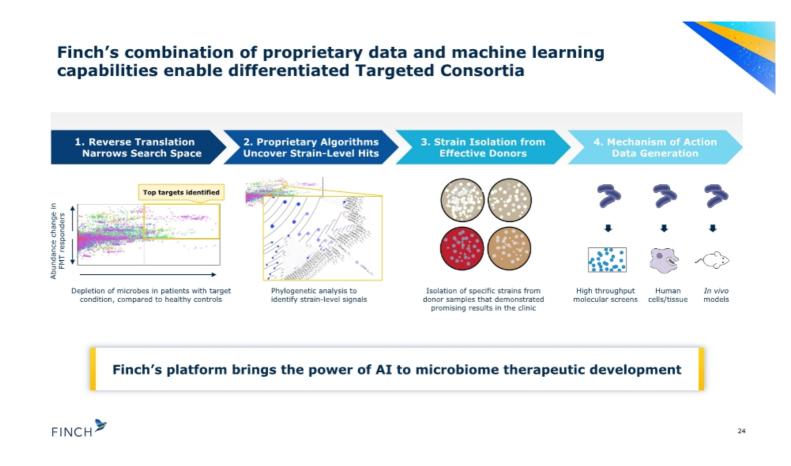
#### IBD

## Finch's machine learning platform enables identification and isolation of promising targets from clinical data

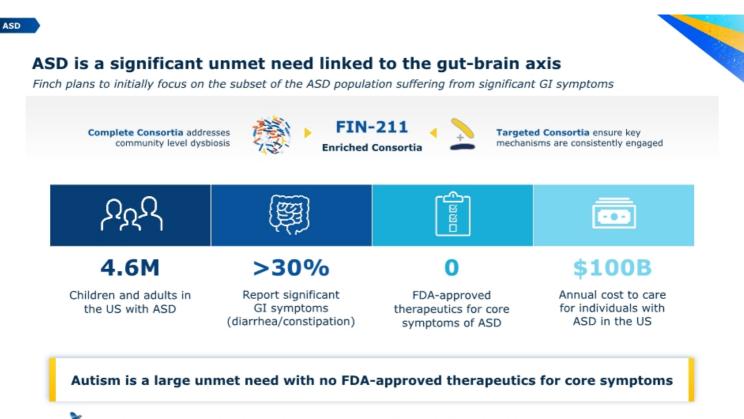
TAK-524 illustrates the power of Finch's platform for the development of Targeted Consortia

#### Four placebo-controlled FMT trials show compelling results compared to current standard of care









FINCH Sources: Chaldez J Autism Dev Disord 2014; Cao Shanghai Arch Psychiatry 2013; CDC Data and Statistics on ASD 2019; Leigh J Autism Dev Disord 2015

### Multiple lines of evidence point to the role of the microbiome in ASD



#### 1. Dysbiosis 2. Mechanistic insights 3. PoC FMT clinical studies Distinct microbiome composition Oxytocin: Multiple FMT studies show among individuals with ASD Depleted levels of oxytocin improvements in both GI and in those with ASD behavioral endpoints Early life events that impact the microbiome are associated with Key, non-spore microbes increased risk of ASD induce oxytocin production Cesarean section: Gut barrier: 33% higher ASD risk

and translocation of

behavior-influencing

barrier integrity

metabolites (e.g. 4-EPS)

Microbiome enhances gut

Impaired gut barrier integrity

| ľ | Study                     | participants | improvement | improvement |
|---|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
|   | Ward (2016)               | 9            | N/A         | 1           |
|   | Kang (2017)               | 18           | *           | *           |
|   | Zhao (2019)               | 48           | 1           | 1           |
|   | Li (2019)                 | 85           | 1           | *           |
|   | Huanlong<br>(unpublished) | 31           | 1           | 1           |
|   | Total                     | 191          |             |             |

FINCH Sources: Ding J Autism Dev 2017; Zhang JAMA Netw Open 2019; Bittker Neuropsychiatr Dis Treat 2018; Modahl Biol Psychiatry 1998; Sgritta Neuron 2019; Needham Biol Psychiatry 2020; Haiao Cell 2013; Antonini Front Immunol 2019; Kang Microbiome 2017; Kang Sci Rep 2019; Zhao Gastrointest Endosc 2019 (DDW Abstract); Ward Open Forum Infect Dis 2016 (ID Week Abstract); Li Zhanghua Wei Chang Wai Ke Za Zhi 2019

Reduced breast feeding:

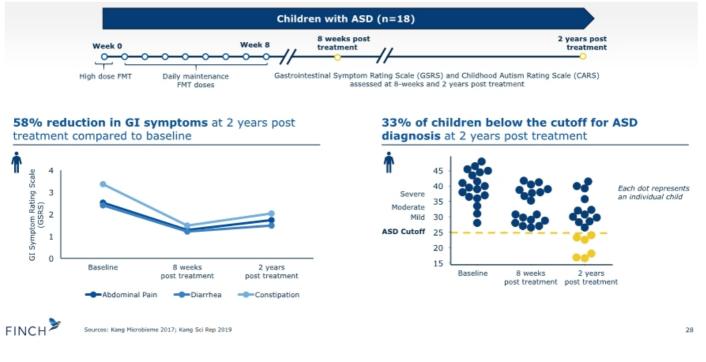
Antibiotics:

93% - 107% higher ASD risk

144% - 264% higher ASD risk

## Open label data shows improvements in both GI and behavioral symptoms following microbiota transplantation





ASD

## Randomized, independent clinical study showed improvement in both GI and behavioral symptoms following microbiota transplantation





#### **Results at 2 months post FMT**

- GI severity index (GSI) significantly improved
- Behavioral (CARS) scores significantly improved
- Microbiome shifted towards a healthy composition



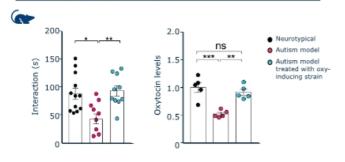


Source: Zhao Gastrointest Endosc 2019 (DDW Abstract)

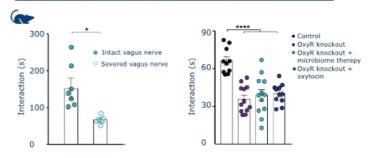
## Preclinical data show oxytocin-dependent behavioral improvements with microbiome therapy



Microbiome therapy restores neurotypical behavior and oxytocin production



Therapeutic benefit is eliminated when vagus nerve is severed or oxytocin receptor knocked out



FINCH Sources: Sgritta Neuron 2019

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## FIN-211 is designed to address both the gastrointestinal (GI) and behavioral symptoms of ASD



#### **Enriched Consortia product strategy**

Designed to address both community-level and species-level dysbiosis in an oral formulation



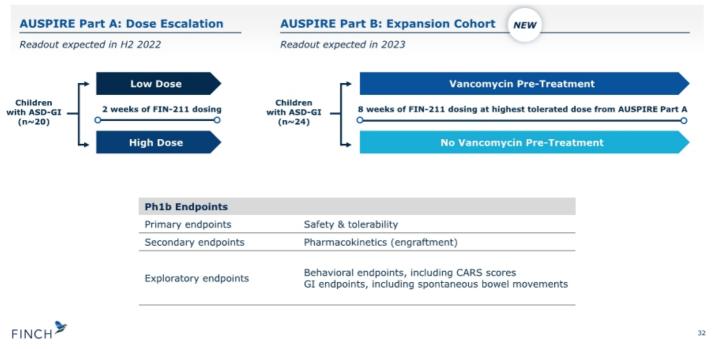
## FINCH

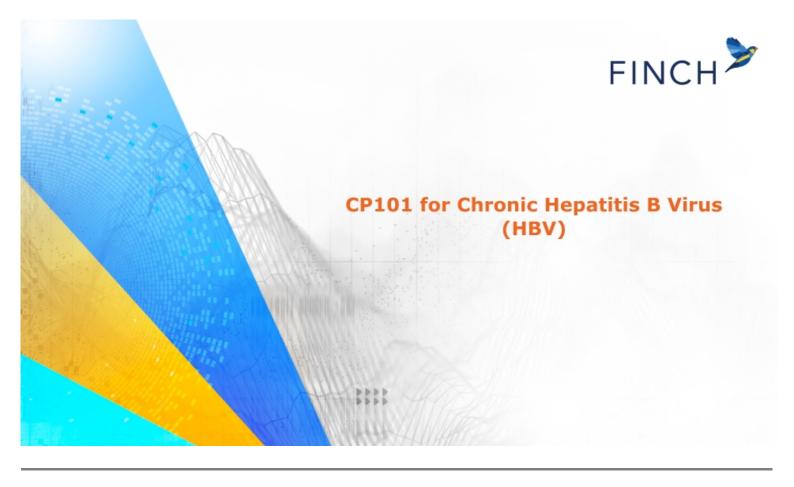
Pre-IND FDA feedback yielded two key insights:

1. FIN-211 may proceed directly to children with ASD

2. Demonstrating benefit for *either* GI or behavioral symptoms could support a BLA

#### Phase 1b AUSPIRE trial will evaluate multiple dosing regimens of FIN-211 in children with ASD and GI symptoms

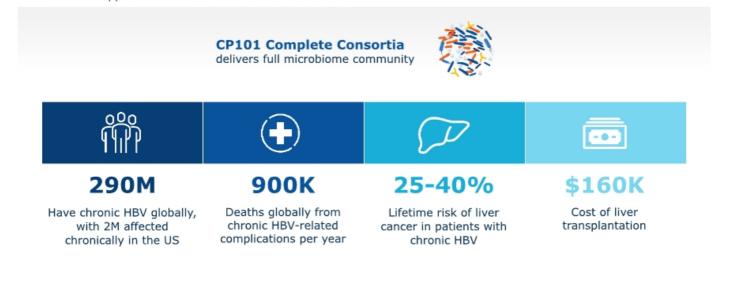






#### Chronic HBV is the first label expansion opportunity for CP101

Clinical data support the role of microbiome in chronic HBV



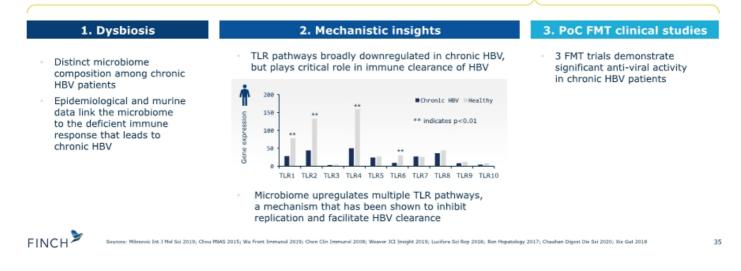
FINCH Sources: WHO Global Hepatitis Report 2017; CDC Hepatitis B: The Pink Book; Committee on a National Strategy for the Elimination of Hepatitis B and C; Hepatitis B Foundation; Van der Hilst Med Care Res Rev 2009 34

## Microbiome mediated immune activation presents a novel mechanism for chronic HBV

#### Current therapeutic strategies aim to disrupt viral activity or activate an immune response

- Strategy #1: Disrupt viral activity
- Nucleos(t)ide analogs siRNA

- Strategy #2: Activate immune response
  - Interferon
  - Checkpoint inhibitors
  - Toll-like receptor (TLR)-agonists



### Studies show that a functional microbiome enables HBV clearance

Mechanism tied to immune activation

|              | Susceptibility |
|--------------|----------------|
| Age (years)  | to Chronic HBV |
| Adults (18+) | <1 - 12%       |
| Infant (<1)  | 90%            |

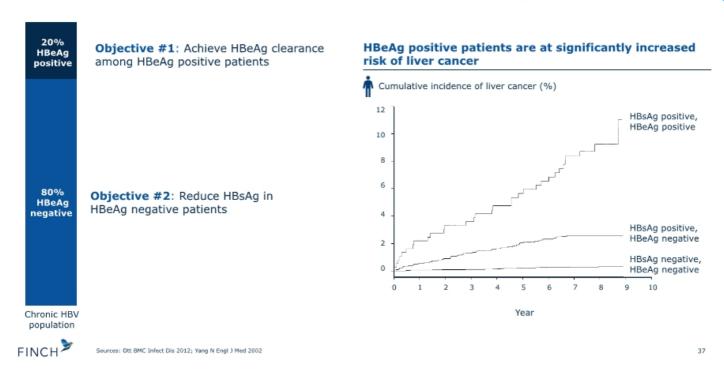
Murine data shows age-dependent susceptibility can be reversed through microbiome manipulation

| Age |       | Microbiome<br>Status                                       | Susceptibility to<br>Chronic HBV |  |
|-----|-------|--|----------------------------------|--|
|     | Adult | Mature<br>(no intervention)                                | No                               |  |
|     | Adult | Disrupted<br>(antibiotic treated)                          | Yes                              |  |
|     |       | Immature<br>(no intervention)                              | Yes                              |  |
|     | Pup   | Mature<br>(microbiota transplantation<br>from adult mouse) | No                               |  |

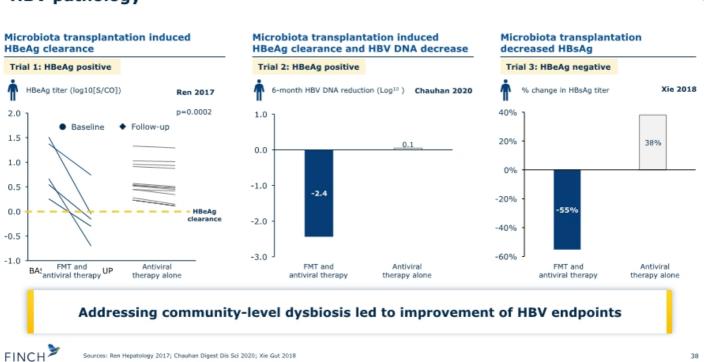
finch

Sources: Chou PNAS 2015; Wu Front Immunol 2019

### CP101 is positioned to address two important clinical objectives



## Multiple clinical studies with microbiota transplantation show improved HBV pathology

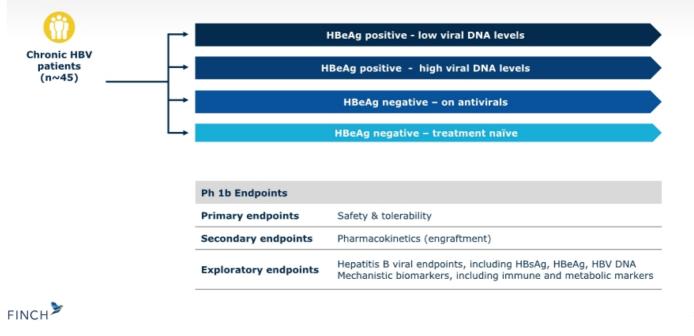




## Finch plans to start RECLAIM, a Phase 1b trial of CP101 in chronic HBV in early 2022



Trial will evaluate outcomes in four key subpopulations





### Finch positioned to continue momentum

Anticipated milestones

 $\checkmark$ 





# Harnessing the microbiome to transform patients' lives